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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

PATENT APPLICATION

Applicant: Doerr et al.

Case: Doerr 73-13 (LCNT/125620)

Serial No.: 10/657,862

Filed: September 9, 2003

Examiner: Kianni C. Kaveh

Group Art Unit: 2883

Title

INTEGRATEABLE OPTICAL INTERLEAVER AND DE-

INTERLEAVER

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SIR:

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

We, Christopher Richard Doerr and David S. Levy, hereby declare as follows:

- 1. We are co-inventors and co-applicants of the subject matter described and claimed in the present application, filed on September 9, 2003, and are familiar with the disclosures and pending claims of the present application;
- 2. We jointly conceived of the subject matter of all claims pending in this application prior to March 23, 2003, the publication date of the article entitled "Cross-connect-type wavelength add-drop node with integrated band muxes, interleavers, and monitor" by *Doerr, Stulz, Levy, Cappuzzo, Gomez, Wong-Foy, Chen, Richards, Pafchek, and Bogert*, Optical Society of America, March 23-28, 2003, p. PD33-1 PD33-3.

- 3. We are co-authors of the article entitled "Cross-connect-type wavelength add-drop node with integrated band muxes, interleavers, and monitor" by Doerr, Stulz, Levy, Cappuzzo, Gomez, Wong-Foy, Chen, Richards, Pafchek, and Bogert, and are familiar with the disclosure of this article;
- 4. We are co-inventors of the subject matter which is disclosed in the article entitled "Cross-connect-type wavelength add-drop node with integrated band muxes, interleavers, and monitor" by *Doerr, Stulz, Levy, Cappuzzo, Gomez, Wong-Foy, Chen, Richards, Pafchek, and Bogert*;
- 5. That the other co-authors of the article entitled "Cross-connect-type wavelength add-drop node with integrated band muxes, interleavers, and monitor," namely, Stulz, Cappuzzo, Gomez, Wong-Foy, Chen, Richards, Pafchek, and Bogert, were working under our direction to make circuits, and perform other tasks that we directed, in order to reduce the invention to practice on our behalf, and are not co-inventors of the subject matter described therein;

We further declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing therefrom.

4/12/06 Date

CHRISTOPHER RICHARD DOERR

Date

"DAVID \$. LEVY

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APR 1 2 2006

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SIR:

SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION UNDER 35 C.F.R. § 1.131

We, Christopher Richard Doerr and David S. Levy, in support of conception and diligence in reduction to practice of claimed subject matter prior to filing of the present application on September 9, 2003, hereby declare as follows:

- 1. We are co-inventors of the subject matter described and claimed in the present application filed on September 9, 2003 and are familiar with the disclosures and pending claims;
- That we jointly conceived of the subject matter of all claims pending in this application prior to March 23, 2003, the publication date of Doem et al.;
- That our conception of the claimed subject matter of the pending claims in this application prior to March 23, 2003 is evidenced by Exhibit A, which

is an invention disclosure disclosing the claimed subject matter of the pending claims in this application;

- 4. That the invention disclosure shown in Exhibit A was prepared prior to March 23, 2003;
- 5. That we diligently pursued the subject matter of the pending claims from a time beginning before March 23, 2003, until filing of the present application on September 9, 2003, as further described in points 6 14 below;
- That we submitted the invention disclosure shown in Exhibit A to our in-house legal department;
- 7. That our in-house legal department submitted the invention disclosure shown in Exhibit A to an outside legal firm for prosecution of the present invention on April 10, 2003, as evidenced in Exhibit B;
- 8. That the outside legal firm was diligently working on the present application prior to June 20, 2003 when the outside legal firm contacted at least one of us regarding questions with respect to drafting of the present application, as evidenced in Exhibit C;
- 9. That the outside legal firm provided a first draft of the present application to us on or before July 17, 2003, as evidenced by Exhibit D;
- That additional communication regarding the present application was initiated by the outside legal firm on July 25, 2003, as evidenced by Exhibit E;

- 11. That the outside legal firm provided a first final draft of the present application to our in-house legal department on August 20, 2003, as evidenced by Exhibit F;
- 12. That the outside legal firm provided a second final draft of the present application to us for acceptance of changes requested by our in-house legal department on August 28, 2003, as evidenced by Exhibit G;
- 13. That the outside legal firm provided a third final draft of the present application to our in-house legal department on September 4, 2003, as evidenced by Exhibit H;
- 14. That subsequent reduction to practice of the invention occurred at least on September 9, 2003 with the filing of the present application.

We further declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing therefrom.

2/7/06	CHRISTOPHER RICHARD DOERR	
Datė ·	CHRISTOPHER RICHARD DOERR	
Date	DAVID S. LEVY	

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- That the invention disclosure shown in Exhibit A was prepared prior to March 23, 2003:
- 5. That we diligently pursued the subject matter of the pending claims from a time beginning before March 23, 2003, until filing of the present application on September 9, 2003, as further described in points 6 - 14 below;
- That we submitted the invention disclosure shown in Exhibit A to 6. our in-house legal department;
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- 8. That the outside legal firm was diligently working on the present application prior to June 20, 2003 when the outside legal firm contacted at least one of us regarding questions with respect to drafting of the present application, as evidenced in Exhibit C;
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Date

1/26/06

Date

CHRISTOPHER RICHARD DOERR

DAVID S. LEVY

Silica waveguide cross-connect-type wavelength add-drop with integrated interleavers

C. R. Doerr, L. W. Stulz, R. Pafchek*, D. S. Levy, G. Bogert*, and G. Richards*

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IEEE indexing terms: Glass materials/devices, gratings, optical filter, optical phase shifters, wavelength-division multiplexing

Abstract

We employ silica waveguide technology to integrate two interleavers with a wavelength-selective cross-connect and a star coupler with variable optical attenuators, making a low-start-up-cost flexible add-drop node in a highly compact and fabrication-robust manner. To make the interleavers, we demonstrate a novel desensitized 2 × 2 coupler.

1. Design

To compete effectively with electronic solutions, wavelength-division multiplexed optical add-drop multiplexers (OADMs) need to have a high flexibility yet a low start-up cost. A start-up node is one that can drop only a subset of channels but maintains the total line capacity and is upgradeable to dropping more channels without complete line interruption. To achieve low cost we chose a simple, robust, all-solid-state technology like thermooptic silica waveguides and integrated all the routing elements onto one compact chip.

We designed a wavelength-selective-cross-connect (WSC)-type OADM node for a 16-channel 100-GHz-spacing wavelength-division multiplexed system. To keep the start-up cost low and yet the flexibility high, the system is divided into two 8-channel 200-GHz-spacing sets via interleavers. The start-up node is shown in Fig. 1a. The even-numbered channels can be dropped and added. The dropping is done via a 1 × 9 WSC (allowing each drop channel to appear at any port), and the adding is done via a 1 × 8 star coupler (allowing each add channel to be at any wavelength, assuming tunable transmitters) with variable optical attenuators (VOAs) and a coupler. When the user wishes to also drop and add the odd-numbered channels, a second WSC and a second coupler replace the attenuator in the odd-channel path. This can be done without disrupting the even-numbered channels. To make the system low cost, the deinterleaver, the WSC, the interleaver, and the 1 × 8 star coupler with VOAs are all integrated onto one silica waveguide planar lightwave circuit (PLC). These four components are left unconnected to each other on the PLC, in order to give the user as much flexibility as possible,

e.g., in case the user wishes the start-up node to drop and add the odd-numbered channels. Figure 1b shows how the node can be arranged in an East-West separable fashion using two of the PLCs, in order to preserve SONET 1:1 protection in the event of a PLC failure/replacement.

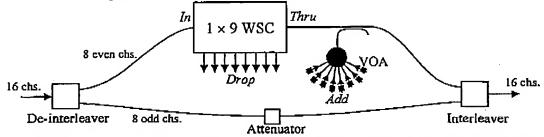


Fig. 1a. Block diagram of proposed low-cost start-up node for a 16-channel system. The de-interleaver, WSC, add 1 × 8 combiner and VOAs, and interleaver were all put on one PLC. To upgrade the node, a second PLC (identical except for a wavelength shift of 100 GHz) is added, replacing the attenuator with a second WSC and add-path

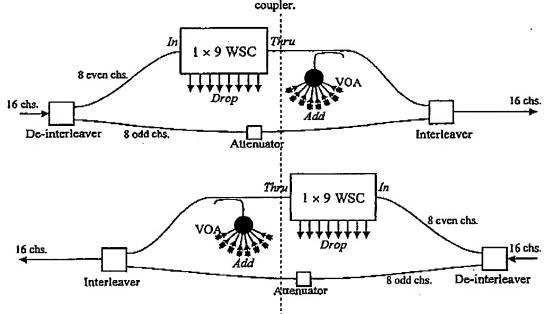


Fig. 1b. Block diagram of start-up node for both directions. To make the system East-West separable, only components from one side of the dotted line are integrated on the same PLC.

The PLC waveguide layout is shown in Fig. 2a. The WSC and add star with VOAs are nearly identical to that of Ref. [1]. The interleavers were squeezed into a small open space, resulting in no change in PLC size, and thus there are still three PLCs per 5" wafer. The interleavers are Fourier-filter type^[2], each consisting of a two-stage Mach-Zehnder interferometer (MZI). The interleavers have thermooptic trimmers on the MZI arms to adjust their phases. Because these integrated interleavers need to have a high yield and yet be compact, we used a y-branch coupler for the first coupler and novel three-stage couplers for the second two, as shown in Fig. 2b.

Fig. 2. (a) waveguide layout of the PLC and (b) detailed diagram of an interleaver. The PLC is 9.3 cm \times 2.6 cm. The evanescent couplers are nominally 50/50. The numbers tell the local path-length difference, λ_c being the design center wavelength.

It is well known that by combining multiple evanescent couplers one can make a coupler with a coupling ratio that is less sensitive to wavelength, polarization, and fabrication (WPF) variations. Both two-^[3] and four-stage^[4] "desensitized" arrangements have been proposed. We propose here a three-stage arrangement, consisting of three identical, nominally 50/50 evanescent couplers connected by two differential delays, ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 . This three-stage arrangement is ~30% shorter and slightly lower loss than the four-stage one and yet is sufficiently desensitized for our application.

If the inputs to the coupler are u_1 and u_2 (the complex amplitudes of the fields), and the accumulated phase difference between the eigenmodes in each evanescent coupler is $\pi/2 + 2\Delta$, where $\Delta \ll 1$ and represents a error in the coupling ratio, then the outputs v_1 and v_2 are

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1-\Delta & j+j\Delta \\ j+j\Delta & 1-\Delta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e^{j\phi_1} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1-\Delta & j+j\Delta \\ j+j\Delta & 1-\Delta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e^{j\phi_1} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1-\Delta & j+j\Delta \\ j+j\Delta & 1-\Delta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

The nominal coupling ratio is

$$R = \frac{1}{8} \left| 1 + e^{j\phi_2} - e^{j\phi_1} + e^{j\phi_1 + j\phi_2} \right|^2$$
 (2)

The sensitivity of R to Δ is minimized when

$$[1 + \cos\phi_2 - \cos\phi_1 + \cos(\phi_1 + \phi_2)][-1 - \cos\phi_2 - 3\cos\phi_1 - \cos(\phi_1 + \phi_2)] = -[\sin\phi_2 - \sin\phi_1 + \sin(\phi_1 + \phi_2)][-\sin\phi_2 - 3\sin\phi_1 - \sin(\phi_1 + \phi_2)]$$
(3)

We thus have two equations, (2) and (3), for two variables, ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 . Some computer-found solutions are listed in Table 1.

Coupling ratio	ϕ_1	ϕ_2
50/50	0°	120°
75/25	116.9°	34.2°
90/10	110.1°	58.4°
100/0	90°	90°

Table 1. Some parameter choices for the proposed 3-stage coupler.

 ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 can be interchanged and/or both multiplied by a minus sign without affecting the coupling ratio (e.g., 117°, 34° and -117°, -34° and 34°, 117° and -34°, -117° all give the same ratio). If only one angle is multiplied by a minus sign, then the coupling ratio flips (e.g., 117°, 34° gives a 75/25 ratio, whereas 117°, -34° gives a 25/75 ratio).

As is well known, Fourier-filter interleavers exhibit non-zero chromatic dispersion, which can be canceled by cascading two stages^[5,6]. In our case we adjust the MZI arm lengths in one of the interleavers to shift the wavelength response by half of the interleaver free-spectral range^[4]. Thus the net chromatic dispersion for the undropped channels is zero.

2. Results

The PLCs were made using 0.80% index-step silica waveguides on a silicon substrate. One was fully packaged with its own drivers on a circuit board. One phase shifter on one MZI arm of each of the stages of each interleaver were accessed via probe needles connected to voltage sources. These two voltages were adjusted so as to wavelength-align the interleaver to the WSC passbands and to optimize the crosstalk. For ~ 5 seconds, each voltage was increased to an extremely high value and then decreased, so as to trim via hyperheating^[7]. This process was repeated until both applied voltages became zero, leaving the interleaver permanently adjusted and passive.

The add-star coupler path transmissivities for all 8 inputs are shown in Fig. 3 with the VOAs set at 0- and 10-dB attenuation. The VOAs are operated push-pull^[8], and the polarization-dependent loss (PDL) of the entire add path over the 10-dB range is < 1.0 dB. To achieve such uniform, relatively low-loss performance, we used a symmetric star coupler (except for a port shift) with strong mutual coupling and focusing on the phase centers in the arrays^[9], along with segmentation^[10] and parallel inlet horn walls^[11].

Fig. 3. Measured spectra of the eight add paths with VOAs at 0- and 10-dB attenuation. Fiber-to-fiber, including one connector (likewise for all subsequent plots).

The in-to-thru spectra of the WSC for three different configurations are shown in Fig. 4. The worst-case loss is < 4.75 dB, and the worst-case extinction ratio is > 55 dB. The thru shutters also act as VOAs, and the in-to-thru worst-case PDL at 0-dB and 12-dB attenuation are 0.1 and 0.6 dB, respectively. The in-to-drop spectra of the WSC for sending all 8 channels to each of the 8 drop ports in succession are shown in Fig. 5. The worst-case loss is < 7.5 dB, and the worst-case extinction ratio is > 43 dB. Shown overlaid are the spectra measured at the ports with only double rejection. To be sure that the extinction ratio is adequate for all 98 possible states of the WSC without measuring them all, we toggled each of the switches/shutters individually, with and without its neighbors activated (to account for thermal crosstalk) and measured the worst-case extinction ratio of each switch/shutter over all polarizations. We found that the worst-case extinction ratios of all 72 shutters are between 22.6 and 39.2 dB and of all 64 1 × 2 switches, for both up and down states, are between 20.0 and 36.6 dB. Thus the worst possible crosstalk is 42.6 dB.

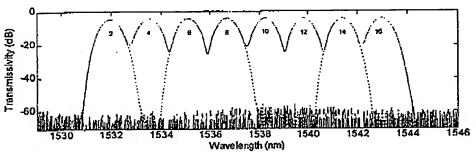


Fig. 4. Measured in-to-thru spectra of WSC for three cases overlaid: no channels dropped, all channels dropped, and only channels 4, 10, and 12 dropped.

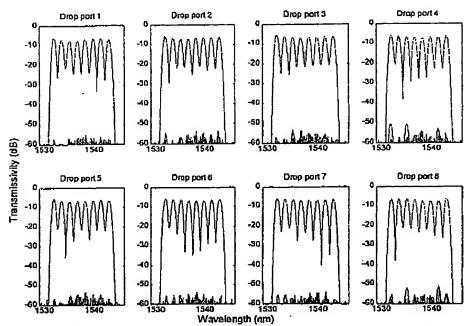


Fig. 5. Measured in-to-drop spectra of WSC for cases of sending all channels to each drop port for each figure.

Overlaid are the measured spectra at the ports with only double crosstalk rejection.

The measured spectra of the interleavers are shown in Fig. 6. The loss ranges from 2.25 dB to 3.25 dB. The PDL is 0.1 dB. We then constructed the start-up node of Fig. 1a, leaving out the add path, by connecting together the appropriate fibers on the fiber-ribbon attached to the PLC. We chose the outer interleaver as the de-interleaver, because of its better crosstalk. The measured through-path and drop-path spectra are shown in Figs. 7 and 8, respectively. The worst-case through loss is < 10.8 dB. If the add coupler were added, and if it is a 50/50 fiber coupler, the total through loss for the node would be ~14 dB. The measured chromatic dispersion for the through path is shown in Fig. 9. The magnitude is < 8 ps/nm over the passband.

We thank M. Zirngibl for support and J. Fernandes for assistance.

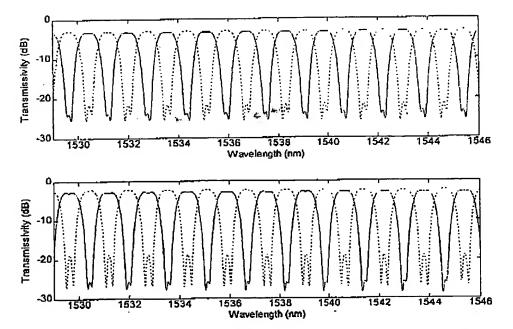


Fig. 6. Measured spectra of interleavers. Upper and lower plots are the outer and inner interleavers, respectively.

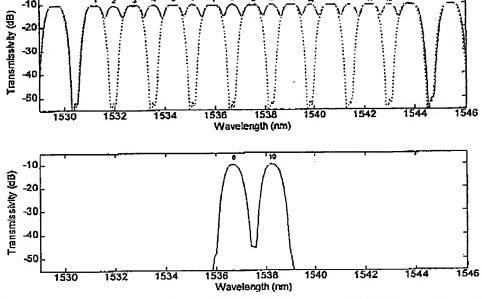


Fig. 7. Measured spectra of the start-up node. Upper plot is from input of de-interleaver to output of interleaver for the cases of no and all channels dropped. Lower plot is from input of de-interleaver to drop port 5 for the case of channels 8 and 10 dropped to drop port 5.

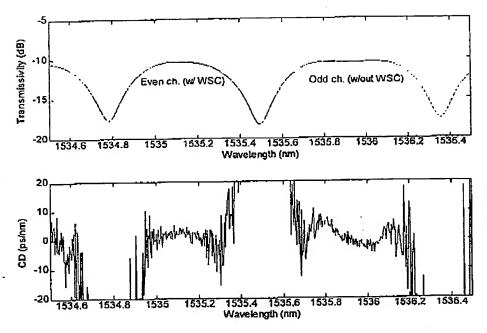


Fig. 8. Measured transmissivity and chromatic dispersion of through path of the start-up node.

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April 10, 2003

VIA PRIORITY MAIL

Eamon Wall, Esq. Moser, Patterson & Sheridan 595 Shrewsbury Avenue, Suite #100 Shrewsbury, NJ 07702

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From-Moser, Patterson & Sheridan, LLP - NJ

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Fax No. (732) 949-0102

Secretary Sharon Lobosco <u>Telephone No.</u> (732) 949-3179

Dear Eamon:

Enclosed please find the above-referenced patent submission.

This application will not be foreign filed

After the final claims have been drafted and you are therefore in a position to identify the inventors, please send ATTACHMENT 1 "Request for Case Name/Number" VIA FACSIMILE to Norma Davis at (732) 949-6410.

A copy of the proposed application is to be sent to the MA prior to execution of the Declaration and Assignment; likewise, all other substantive papers such as amendments, appeal briefs and the like are to be sent to the MA prior to filing. Please note, however, that the MA may not be in a position to review the application or other papers prior to filing, or may choose to conduct only a quality control review either now or at a later time. Accordingly, the ultimate responsibility for the timely filing as well as the quality and contents of the papers of this application and any resulting patent remains with you. If you do not receive specific instructions from the MA within five (5) business days from the date that the application or any subsequent papers were submitted to the MA, you are authorized and directed to transmit same directly to the USPTO.

If, during the prosecution of an application, you believe that a CPA/CIP, Divisional, Appeal, etc. should be filed, your advice should be presented to the MA for concurrence, prior to commencement of any work.

Very truly yours,

Susan & Curry SEC:nmd

Encl. (As above)



To: dslevy@lucent.com, grichards@lucent.com, larry@lucent.com

cc: (bcc: Carol Wilson/MPS)

Subject: Patent Applications LCNT/125620, LCNT/125663, LCNT/125666

Dear Inventors,

My name is Jorge Tony Villabon and I am an associate at Moser, Patterson & Sheridan, outside Patent Counsel for Lucent Technologies. We have been working on the above referenced three patent applications regarding a novel low-cost start-up add/drop node and we have a few questions regarding the inventive concepts of the invention that we need clarified.

Please contact me at your earliest convenience so that we may set up a telephone interview and

briefly discuss the concepts of the invention.

We would appreciate any help that you can extend to us. Thank you very much in advance. We look forward to your reply.

Best Regards,

Jorge Tony Villabon, Esq. Moser, Patterson & Sheridan 595 Shrewsbury Ave. Suite 100 Shrewsbury, N.J. 07702 Telephone (732) 530-9404 Fax (732) 530-9808



To: Chris Doerr <crdoerr@lucent.com>

CC

Subject: Re: inventor info@

thank you so much Chris

will you be getting back to Tony today re. the draft app he sent you?

Carol J. Wilson
Legal Assistant
MOSER, PATTERSON & SHERIDAN, LLP
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To: dslevy2001@yahoo.com

cc:

Subject: Lucent patent submissions

good morning David

I work with Tony Villabon. He is writing 3 patent applications for Lucent. He needs to speak with you re, the patent submissions

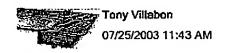
Will you please give Tony a call - 732-530-9404.

much appreciation, carol

Carol J. Wilson
Legal Assistant
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To: Chris Doerr <crdoerr@lucent.com>

cc: (bcc: Carol Wilson/MPS)

Subject: Re: Patent Application LCNT/125620 (Bogert 8)

Dr. Doerr.

In my opinion, it would be better and provide more protection to have separate applications. The reasoning is that we want to describe the novel network node including the band filters with as much specificity as you have for your other two related applications. Merely stating in a dependent claim that the novel band filter may be used or is used in a network node would not provide adequate protection and would not be enabling. We have to describe the network node in the specification very specifically.

As such, having two applications would provide protection and claims toward the band filter, and protection and claims toward a novel network node comprising the novel band filter. Attempting to claim both the novel band filter and the novel network node in one application will most likely result in a restriction.

In addition, do you want the novel monitor you presented claimed as well? Please let me know.

I look forward to your reply.

Best Regards,

Jorge Tony Villabon, Esq. Moser, Patterson & Sheridan 595 Shrewsbury Ave. Suite 100 Shrewsbury, N.J. 07702 Telephone (732) 530-9404 Fax (732) 530-9808



To: dasasso@lucent.com
co: (bcc: Carol Wilson/MPS)
Subject: LCNT/125620 (Doerr73-?) . LCNT/125666 (Doerr 75) , LCNT/125666 (Doerr 74)

Dave,

Attached are electronic copies of the LCNT/125620 (Doerr73-?) and LCNT/125666 (Doerr 75) patent applications and the associated informal figures for your review and ultimate approval. The applications have been inventor approved. Formal figures for the patent applications are currently being made.

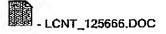
If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact me directly at your convenience. I await your response. Thank you.

Best Regards,

Jorge Tony Villabon, Esq. Moser, Patterson & Sheridan 595 Shrewsbury Ave. Suite 100 Shrewsbury, N.J. 07702 Telephone (732) 530-9404 Fax (732) 530-9808











To: crdoerr@lucent.com cc: Tony Villabon/MPS

Subject: final drafts - pat. apps. 125620 and 125666

hi Chris

good morning - what a lovely August morning.

I am attaching the final drafts of two of your patents - 125620 & 125666 These have David Sasso's changes.

Please look them over as soon as you can and get back to Tony. I will send you new formal papers

also, please let Tony know the status of 125663



- LCNT_125620 (final version).DOC



- LCNT_125666.DOC

Carol J. Wilson
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To: dasasso@lucent.com, slobosco@lucent.com cc: Tony Villabor/MPS Subject: LCNT 125620

hi Dave

Attached is the inventor-approved final draft of the above-referenced application. a few of the claims were changed.

We are looking at filing it today if possible.

Pls get back to us ASAP

thank you Dave,



- LCNT_125620 (final version).DOC

Carol J. Wilson
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